THE MEM[illegible]S DAILY APPEAL.

[illegible]S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEM[illegible] WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1868. VOLUME XVIII.-NUMBER 127

[illegible]PPEAL.

[illegible] & WEEKLY

[illegible]OGAN & CO.

[illegible]SCRIPTION.

[illegible] annum : : : : $12 00
[illegible] week : : : : 25
[illegible] copy : : : : 5 00
[illegible]in advance) : : : 4 00
[illegible]on entered on our mail
[illegible]e than one month.

[illegible] OF ADVERTISING.

[illegible]ne insertion : : : : $1 50
[illegible] each additional insertion : 75
[illegible] one week : : : : : 4 00
two weeks : : : : : : 6 00
three weeks : : : : : 7 00
one month : : : : : 8 00

[illegible]vertisements considered due after
[illegible]tion.

[illegible]es of solid nonpareil constitute

[illegible]rtisements in the Special Notice
be charged 25 cents per line.
[illegible]arriage and death notices published as
advertisements.
All advertisements for the APPEAL must
[illegible]nded in at the Clerk's desk.
Transient advertisements must be paid for
[illegible]time.
Advertisements for the Weekly paper
[illegible]? charged at same rates, per week or
[illegible]onth, as in the Daily, unless by special
[illegible]ntract.
Our friends are requested to use their best
[illegible]rts to send us subscribers, and fill up our
[illegible]s, and also to forward any items of news
[illegible]at may be of sufficient local importance to
[illegible]arrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

[illegible]n inducement to get up clubs, we have
[illegible]ed the following scale of prices, which are
[illegible]w as our current office expenses will admit
[illegible]:

[illegible], one year : : : : $5 00
[illegible] of ten or more, each : : $4 00
[illegible]ys in advance.

DIRECTORY
[illegible]rst Class Business Houses
OF MEMPHIS.

[illegible]lenman & Co., Cotton Factors
[illegible]mission Merchants, 284 Front st.
[illegible]ial Bank, Corner of Main and
[illegible] streets.
[illegible]. Erich, Queensware, 223 Main
[illegible]
[illegible] Lloyd & Gilbert, Queensware,
[illegible]ne & Co., Cotton Factors and
[illegible]ion Merchants, 278 Front street.
[illegible]tional Bank, No. 293 Main
[illegible]ings Institute, 1 Madison st.
[illegible]ler, President.
[illegible]e, Hardware, 13a 15 Main
[illegible]erton, Cotton Factors and
[illegible]rchants, 36 Madison.
[illegible] Co., Insurance Agency,
[illegible]
[illegible]ician and Jeweler.
[illegible]ds and Trimmings,
[illegible]gs, 301 and
[illegible]ontial Life
[illegible]nsurance
[illegible]Undertakers, 317
[illegible] Agricultural Im-
[illegible]
[illegible] and Cotton Factor,
[illegible]orneys at Law, No. 293
[illegible]k Co., Cotton Factors and
[illegible]erchants, 7 Monroe st.
[illegible]tman, Produce, No. 11 Monroe
[illegible]
[illegible]n, Sneed & Co., Fashionable Cloth-
[illegible]5 Main street.
[illegible]oon, Cotton Factor, No. 274 Front
[illegible] street
[illegible]berg, Tobacco and Cigars, 310 Front
[illegible]
Vredenburgh & Sylvester, General In-
surance Agents, 11 Madison street.
Worsham House, C B Galloway, proprie-
tor, Main and Adams.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5628.

[illegible] Tisri, 30th September, ... 1867.
[illegible] Cheshvan, 30th October, ... "
[illegible] Kisleu, 29th November, ... "
[illegible] Tebhet, 29th December, ... "
[illegible] Shebat, 29th January, ... 1868.
[illegible] Adar, 29th February, ... "
[illegible] Nisan, 30th March, ... "
[illegible] Iyar, 29th April, ... "
[illegible] Sivan, 29th May, ... "
[illegible] Tammuz, 29th June, ... "
[illegible] Ab, 30th July, ... "
[illegible] Elul, 29th August, ... "

[illegible]th Wednesday, 26th February, ... 1868.
[illegible]unday Tuesday, 7th April, ... "
[illegible]ed Friday, 10th April, ... "
[illegible]ter Sunday, 19th April, ... "
[illegible]mension, 21st May, ... "
[illegible]Pentecost, 31st May, ... "
[illegible]Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each
[illegible]ear. jal2 mhl tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

[illegible]SOPHONIA, No. 168, Meets 1st Monday in
[illegible]every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court
[illegible]and Main. D. S. Forster, 234 Front street,
[illegible]W.·.; John Beamish, Sec'y.
[illegible]UPH MEMPHIS·, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of
[illegible]each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second.
[illegible]J. Sellers, W.·. M.·.; R. F. Fuller, Sec.
[illegible]ELIA SCOTT, No. 288. Meets 1st Friday of each
[illegible]month—Hall cor. Madison and Second. John
[illegible]Randle, W.·. M.·.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.
[illegible]AMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each
[illegible]month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. F. M. Stanley,
[illegible]W.·. M.·.; W. H. Butts, Sec.
[illegible]RWINNING, No. 56 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday
[illegible]of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John J.
[illegible]Wrotham, 33d, W.·. M.·.; S. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

[illegible]EN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each
[illegible]month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E.
[illegible]Z.·.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

[illegible]EKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of
[illegible]each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent,
[illegible]Th. Ill.·.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

K. TEMPLARS.

[illegible]TENNE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Mon-
[illegible]day of each month. John Zent, Com.·.; N. J.
[illegible]Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

[illegible] *2d Front Street.*

[illegible]ENNES Lodge of Perfection, 14th·.; No. 1.
[illegible]Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night
[illegible]of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·.
[illegible]M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.
[illegible]HITEHAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th·.; No. 2.
[illegible]Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George
[illegible]Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. K. Frankland, 32d,
[illegible]Sec.·.
[illegible]CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 18th·.;
[illegible]No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Tarsh.·.; —
[illegible]Sec.·.
[illegible]AY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th·., No. 1.
[illegible]Chas. W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tom-
[illegible]son, 32d, Sec.·.
[illegible]DE PERIERRES Council of K·.-h, 30th·.,
[illegible]Henry P. Woodard, 32d·., Comm.·.;
[illegible]Le Croix 32d, Rec.·.
[illegible]WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John
[illegible]Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C.
[illegible]Sec.·.

[illegible]UMBER, ETC.

[illegible]GUNN & COOVER,
[illegible]and Lumber Yard,
165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
[illegible]n hand a general assortment
[illegible]ding and Weatherboarding,
[illegible]s, Moulding and Stair Mate-
[illegible]al Framing Lumber of all
[illegible]ak and Walnut, clear. Plan-
[illegible] all sizes of Lumber cut on
[illegible] Sawing, Wood Turning and
[illegible]generally. All orders promptly
[illegible]Prices reduced. Give us a call
[illegible]aving elsewhere. dec15

[illegible], LATHS, SHINGLES,
[illegible]r Posts, Flooring, Ceiling,
[illegible] Sash, Doors and Blinds, Etc.,
[illegible]REAPER THAN EVER AT
M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN'S,
Foot of Washington Street.
dec4 1m

TAILORING, SCOURING
A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE.
DYEING, SCOURING,
—AND—
REPAIRING.
Done at short notice by
ISAAC ISAACS,
54 1-2 Jefferson Street.
All orders executed with neatness and dis-
patch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when
the work is done.
J. P. MANSON
THOS. E. HUNT.
Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,
PREMIUM
SILK AND WOOLEN GOODS
246 Second Street,
BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.
SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses
and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned
and Dyed in a superior style.
N.B.—Non answerable for Goods left in store
[illegible] months from date of order.
sep21

NOTICE.
[illegible]ll apply at the January
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : JANUARY 1, 186[8]

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
LEON TROUSDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
HARRY REEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
H. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 392 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS, OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No. 13 MADISON STREET.

AGENTS.

J. D. Rasberry, general agent for Arkansas.
ohn E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Read Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.;
Jno. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.;
Rev. A. E. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
C. G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning; Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been dissolved; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the civil rights of freemen

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

FOR MAYOR.

HON. JOHN W. LEFTWICH.

NO PAPER TO-MORROW.

This day being the first of the New Year, no paper will be issued from this office to-morrow. We avail ourselves of the occasion to remove the office of the APPEAL to our new office on Jefferson street. In consequence of the confusion resulting from our removal, and from having a form *pied*, we trust that our friends will overlook any irregularities that may occur within the next few days.

THE NEGRO.

It is a great pity that the fools and fanatics who are endeavoring to legislate the negro into a condition of political and social equality with the white man, cannot be made to understand that the task which they have undertaken is as hopeless as it would be to endeavor to wash the blackamoor white.

The African traveller, BARTH, in his work "The ALBERT NYANZA" thus speaks of the race to which a Congress of white men has committed the task of framing constitutions of Government for the States in which they were, three years ago, ignorant slaves:

"The black man is a curious anomaly, the good and bad points of human nature bursting forth with equal energy. He, like the flowers and thorns of his own wilderness. A creature of impulse, seldom actuated by reflection, the black man astounds by his complete obtuseness, and as suddenly confounds you by an unexpected exhibition of sympathy. From a long experiment with African savages, I think it is as absurd to condemn the negro *in toto*, as it is preposterous to compare his intellectual capacity with that of the white man. It is unfortunately the fashion for one party to uphold the negro as a superior being, while the other denies him the common powers of reason. So great a difference of opinion has ever existed upon the intrinsic value of the negro, that the very perplexity of the question is a proof that he is altogether a distinct variety. So long as it is generally considered that the negro and the white man are to be governed by the same laws, and guided by the same management, *so long will the former remain a thorn in the side of every community to which he may unhappily belong.* When the horse and the ass shall be found to match in double harness, the white man and the African black will pull together under the same regime. *It is the grand error of equalizing that which is unequal*, that has lowered the negro character, and made the black man a reproach."

"In childhood, I believe the negro to be in advance, in intellectual quickness, of the white child of a similar age, *but the mind does not expand*—it promises fruit, but does not ripen; *and the negro man has grown in body, but has not advanced in intellect.* The puppy of three months old is superior in intellect to a child of the same age, but the mind of the child expands, while that of the dog has arrived at its limit."

"In the great system of creation that divided races and subdivided them according to mysterious laws, apportioning special qualities to each, the varieties of the human race exhibit certain characters and qualifications which adapt them for specific localities. The natural character of those races will not alter with a change of locality, but the instincts of each race will be developed in any country where they may be located. Thus the English are as English in Australia, India, and America, as they are in England, and in every locality they exhibit the industry and energy of their native land; *even so the African will remain negro in all his natural instincts, although transplanted to other soils;* and these natural instincts being a life of idleness and savagedom, *he will assuredly relapse into an idle and savage state, unless specially governed and forced to industry.*"

"The history of the negro has proved the correctness of this theory. In no instance has he evinced other than a retrogression, *when once freed from restraint.* Like a horse without harness, he runs wild; but, if harnessed, no animal is more useful. Unfortunately, this is contrary to public opinion in England, where the *vox populi* assumes the right of dictation, upon matters and men in which it has had no experience. The English insist upon their own weights and measures as the scales for human excellence, and it has been decreed by the multitude, inexperienced in the negro personally, that he has been a badly-used brother; that he is a worthy member of the human family, placed in an inferior position through the prejudice and ignorance of the white man, with whom he should be on equality."

"The negro has been and still is, thoroughly misunderstood. *However severely we may condemn the horrible system of slavery, the results of emancipation have proved that the negro does not appreciate the blessings of freedom, nor does he show the slightest feeling of gratitude to the hand that broke the rivets of his fetters.* His narrow mind cannot embrace that feeling of pure philanthropy that first prompted England to declare herself against slavery; *and he only regards the anti-slavery movement as a proof of his own importance.* In his limited horizon he is himself the important object, and as a sequence to his self-conceit, he imagines that the whole world is at issue concerning the black man. *The negro, therefore, being the important question, must be an important person, and he conducts himself accordingly—he is too far great a man to work.* Upon this point his natural character exhibits itself most determinedly. Accordingly, he resists any attempts at coercion; *being free, his first impulse is to claim an equality with those whom he lately served, and to usurp a dignity with absurd pretensions, that must inevitably insure the disgust of the white community.* Ill-will thus engendered, a hatred and jealousy is established between the two races, combined with the errors that in such conditions must arise upon both sides."

"In his state of slavery, the negro was compelled to work, and through his labour every country prospered where he had been introduced. He was suddenly freed; and from that moment he refused to work, and instead of being a useful member of society, *he not only became a useless burden to the community, but a plotter and intriguer, imbued with a deadly hatred to the white man who had generously declared him free.*"

"Now, as the negro was originally imported as a labourer, but now refuses to labour, it is self-evident that he is a lamentable failure. Either he must be compelled to work, by some stringent law against vagrancy, or those beautiful countries that prospered under the conditions of negro forced industry must yield to ruin, under negro freedom and idle independence. For an example of the results, look at St. Domingo.

"*Under peculiar guidance, and subject to a certain restraint*, the negro may be an important and most useful being; but *if* treated as an Englishman, *he will affect the vices but none of the virtues of civilization*, and his natural good qualities will be lost in his attempts to become a white man."

We see in process of development around us now, the very condition of things which this traveller painted, almost as if he had possessed the gift of prophecy.

He says elsewhere: "Savages can be ruled by two powers, force and humbug;" and that, although the inhabitants of Central Africa are devoid of religion, they believe implicitly insorcery.

The negro is now what he was in the deserts of Africa. He is the pest, the danger, the nuisance, the putrescent and purulent disease of the country which he nauseates. To arm him with the right of suffrage was a crime deserving the latter. To consent to negro suffrage is to become an accomplice in the crime. The choice between two Radicals, each in favour of negro suffrage, is like the choice between cholera and yellow fever. To vote for either is to do all that a single vote can, to ruin the country. *Agree* and *consent* that negroes shall rule and legislate for a country whose soil is hallowed, sanctified and consecrated by the blood of half a million white men, *all* of whom died defending the right of white men to govern themselves—part for the rights of white men, as constituting States; part for the rights of white men as constituting a Nation! What manner of white man must that be, who is willing that the votes of two negroes shall outweigh his own, tax his property, limit his rights and take from him all voice and influence in the State and Nation. And what must he be, how unworthy of recognition as a gentleman or an honest man, who, knowing that negro suffrage is rottenness of the flesh and putrefaction of the blood of the body politic, is willing to stamp and brand the disgrace of it upon the country, if he can win negro votes enough to secure him some employment, some place, some office, whereby to live and thrive!—of those who favor negro suffrage because they are of the nature of the negro and wish that he should be admitted into the sleeping-cars wherein *their* wives and daughters travel, we shall not speak. They are the vermin on the body of the State, and may annoy it and cause it to scratch itself; but they do not rise to the dignity and importance of scorpions, centipedes and venomous serpents.

It is the Conservative, who knows that negro suffrage is the certain ruin, degradation and damnation of the country that will be most censurable and most responsible too, if he consents to it. Of him unto whom much is given, much shall be required.

☞ Some of the readers of the APPEAL, we understand, permit themselves to get in arrears to the carriers of the APPEAL, under the impression that the amount is due the office, which can afford to wait. But the carriers have to pay, weekly, for all the papers they receive, whether they collect or not; and the short-comings of those whom they supply with the paper very seriously inconvenience them, and sometimes leave them at the end of the week with little or nothing of their small commissions. We hope we need only mention this, to induce all who read the paper to pay the carrier for it. If they do not, he loses it; and it is a cruel hardship.

"*The* THISTLE *raised its bonnet blue,*
"*The* HARP *its wildest war notes threw,*
"*The* ROSE *unwound a redder hue,*
That day on old Victoria."

The Irish, the Scots and the English fought side by side at Victoria. Where is the countryman of either of them who thinks his vote worth no more than a negro's? If there be one, let him vote for FITCH or BEECHER.

☞ How much had the Conservative party to pay the owners of the Greenlaw Opera House, for the use of a hall, without fire, and almost without lights, for a meeting of the Conservative people of Memphis, held for the purpose of protecting the property-holders, large and small, of the city, against Radical rapacity and negro legislation and taxation? Was it $100?

FAUGH-A-BALLAGH!

Irishmen, shall four thousand negroes be the masters of Memphis, and tax you to any extent they please, or will you have a white man's government with a gentleman for Mayor? Do you wish, if the city owes you a little sum for work done for it, to have to go hat in hand and ask admission to the august presence of a negro official, and beg him graciously to look into your account and certify to its correctness. Are you disposed to vote for FITCH? If so, ask him first how many negroes he has promised to secure office for, if he should be elected. Insist upon an answer!

Is it intended, in case Mr. BEECHER is elected, to discharge all firemen who may dare to vote, according to their principles, for the nominee of the Conservative Convention? Can a party whose organ not long ago declared that to discharge a negro from employment because he had voted the Radical ticket, was a criminal offence of the nature of bribery, now intend to practice what it then preached against? Has it been threatened in advance? Such an idea is afloat, we know; and it is hoped that the fear of being so proscribed may induce the freemen to vote for negro-government in municipal affairs. It is of some importance to the white men of the city to know whether we are to have negro firemen. Let the prospect of it nerve every white man, wherever born, to redoubled exertions to prevent it.

UNION, AND THE DAWN OF DAY.

At last, thank GOD, there is a Conservative organization in this city, and a Union of all Conservative men for its salvation. Mr. LEFTWICH has been selected by them as their candidate for Mayor, AND HE CAN BE ELECTED. Poll every Conservative vote. Be peaceable, but firm. Wherever you were born, you are all Americans now. Soldiers who have clasped hands over the graves of the dead, Irish, Scotch, English,—when it is attempted, by men who are yet impudent enough to ask for white men's votes, to make "the progeny of Africa's obscene loins" your taskmasters, and put the CARTERS, the TOLLESES and the HARRISES in office and power over you, brand as an apostate and renegade the man whose knees are too weak to allow him to vote for a Conservative candidate, and who therefore tries to sell you out to FITCH.

SHOULDER TO SHOULDER.

The Conservatives of Memphis, in Convention, have, by unanimous vote, nominated JOHN W. LEFTWICH as their Candidate for Mayor. He is a good man and true; honest, trust-worthy and capable. He stands upon the broad platform of opposition to Radicalism and to negro-suffrage. He can be elected, if the Conservative men of Memphis will do their whole duty. The triumph of Radicalism here will be the ruin of the city. The election of LEFTWICH will restore confidence and revive the credit of the city. To the property-holders it promises immunity from agrarian legislation; to the merchants, credit and increase of trade; to the professional man remuneration; to the mechanic and the labouring man of every kind, taxes less onerous, public improvements that give occupation, and preference of white men over negroes for public office and public employment. He is the white man's candidate, and is worthy to be so; and they can elect him.

—An American barber, in London, shaves a man a minute, and defies the world to beat him.

COUP D' ETAT.

"*Upon what meats doth this our Cæsar feed,*
That he is grown so great?"

That well-read Constitutional lawyer, courtly gentleman, mild and courteous divine, tolerant and charitable Christian, and consistent politician, whose 'pourtraicture' all men will recognize without our naming him, by divine right Governor of Tennessee, has gone and done it. He has removed that servant of the Lord, JEEMES DAVIS, heretofore appointed Commissioner to register as many negroes and as few whites as possible, and has, by the Sovereign powers in him vested, annulled all certificates granted by him since the 20th of December. We suppose that he could dispense with the services of his satellite, at his pleasure. About that we neither know nor care. But as to annulling certificates issued by him, he might as well undertake to annul marriage certificates or land patents. Even if DAVIS had not been legally Commissioner, his acts as an officer *de facto* would be good.

If any man who holds a certificate granted by DAVIS after the 20th is refused his vote, let him bring his action against the Judges who refuse it. There will be lawyers found to prosecute the suits. Let every one who has such a certificate, offer to vote. The Courts of the State are not corrupt or shameless enough to decide that the Governor has the power that he has undertaken to exercise.

THE GAS INTEREST.

Has the gas interest of Memphis become so huge that the hereditary rights of white men of English, Irish, German, Scotch, Welsh and Italian descent are to be sacrificed to it, to the advantage of the negro vagrants and vagabonds of Arkansas, Mississippi, West Tennessee, and, the Lord knows, where else? This is one of the questions to be decided at the election on Thursday. Mr. FITCH is the *great gas man* of the city. It is noticeable that many who have stock in that concern are supporting him, though they profess to have Conservative proclivities. They say, we are told, that FITCH's election will break up the Loyal Leagues.

We desire to ask, how? Is not Mr. FITCH one of the chiefs of the Loyal Leaguers? Does he not boast that he is the *original* Radical in the city of Memphis? And is it not true that he is the first Radical on our bluff? We are sure this is so. Mr. FITCH is under no pledge whatever, nor can he be induced to make any pledge, to break up the Loyal Leagues. Let him come out on this platform, under his own signature, and the issue will then be different. *But he will not do so. This is only a party trick to pretend that he will. Let no one be deceived by it. The gas interest is at the bottom of the Conservative support he will receive. The men who support him are ready to sacrifice every political principle to the supremacy of the gas company, in our city administration.* They persuade themselves that they are advancing the Conservative party. Some of them are honest, but are blinded by their own self-interest. But let not any man, who is not interested in the gas company, follow their example and sacrifice the white man's interest to the monopoly which would saddle upon our city the first, the original, the most obstinate of negro candidates as first Magistrate.

"Now is the Winter of our discontent,
Made glorious Summer."

Whatever may be the result of the Municipal Election in this city, we are ready to say, with MACAULEY,

"Now glory unto God on high, from whom all glories are."

for the Union and organization of the Conservative party of Memphis. Our confreres of the *Avalanche* may call it the *Democratic* party, if they will. We can appreciate the influence of old affections and glorious recollections. But the Conservative party, thank Heaven, is as much Whig as Democratic. It is the party that seeks to PRESERVE the Union of the States, the Constitution in its true spirit, the principles of Constitutional and ENGLISH LIBERTY. Its purpose and apostolate is, in the words of CICERO, LIBERTATEM ET SALUTEM POPULI CONSERVARE, CIVITATIS IMPERIUM MAJESTATEMQUE DEFENDERE.

What if we are defeated? It is fortunate that we *were* defeated in August last. No calamity could have befallen the State so dire and irremediable as the election of a candidate for Governor on the platform of perpetual acquiescence in negro-suffrage. It will hardly happen very shortly again, we think, that at a Conservative meeting, half a dozen gentleman will express their content at the investiture of Sambo, newly baptized into a licentious freedom, with the right to rule and overrule *them*, by votes that can be bought at half a dollar each, and are dear at that.

If we are defeated, let defeat nerve us with new resolution. Let it no more be the case that no ten men consent together in regard to the welfare of the State or the city. Let one organization commenced here be extended to the Western District, and for it, too, let us have a Central Committee. There was, we believe, a Central or Executive Committee at Nashville, but we have never been honoured with a communication from it, and it may perhaps be in liquidation. Let us have union, action, energy and persistence, and we shall succeed by and by, even if we are defeated now. To vote for one Radical, for the purpose of preventing the election of another, would be a miserable policy. 'Sink or swim, survive or perish," let us all stand by the Conservative banner.

1868.

The New Year opens in gloom. Commercial disaster, the unsettled political condition of the country, and the almost total cessation of the industries of the South, give little token that the year 1868 will be any less disastrous to our people—less trying than that which closed last night at 12 o'clock. Under such circumstances, and possessed of facts leading to this conclusion, nay, living amid the circumstances that conspire to sustain dullness in trade and beget a general bankruptcy, it would almost seem a mockery in us to say, in the general sense, "a happy New Year."

A "happy New Year" to all our readers we wish most heartily, but unless the changes for which we have labored, and shall continue to labor, the New Year will be as devoid of happiness as the last of profit and happiness too.

How gloomy the retrospect! Gone is 1867. Gone into the calander of centuries. Gone, bearing with it, the register of many friends dead, a prey to the dreadful scourge that numbered among its victims so many of our purest and best; bearing with it the wail of sorrow, over unrealized hopes, the history of a year of political tyranny and of continued demoralization of the labor of the country. Gone, leaving us in gloom and sorrow.

Never perhaps in the history of the world, has there been known so many terrible calamities as were listed in 1867. Fire, earthquake, flood, overflow, shipwreck, railroad casualty and explosion, not to speak of suffocation in mines and epidemic diseases, all have conspired to render memorable the departing year.

To these may be added the continued predominance of Radicalism in National and State affairs, only relieved by the glimmer of Conservative light from the ballot boxes of a few States whose people say nay to negro ascendency.

But enough! Let the old year go; and with it go the unnumbered causes of trial and suffering that have well nigh bent us to the earth.

Let Hope still inspire us. By energy and self-reliance; by united effort we may in 1868 achieve much for which we struggled in 1867. By determined effort, working as one man for the common weal, everything is to be achieved of political freedom and commercial as well as agricultural prosperity.

Let us, like the Neophytes in the ancient mysteries, go forward, relying in our strength and courage, and trusting in God. Our "trust well placed," there shall be none to make us afraid.

In this spirit, we hail the young year. In this spirit, we wish our readers health, happiness and prosperity in 1868.

—New Bedford has discovered a long lost painting by Von Beest.

LATEST NEWS ITEMS.

—A proposition is on foot in New York to raise and equip a regiment for the Papal service.

—Unprecedented floods have inundated the Sacramento Valley in California, and travel in every direction is entirely suspended. Several railway accidents have occurred by the washing away of the tracks, attended by serious loss of life.

—The ships Derby and Calabar, which arrived at New York Saturday, report severe shocks of earthquakes off Cape Horn, October 27th, which lasted thirty hours.

—A private letter from Senor Romero, dated Mexico, December 9th, says that the prospects continue to be satisfactory, and he had not changed his opinion, that Mexicans are now to have permanent peace and a settled government.

—The Russian Government has made a contract with the Colt Patent Fire-arms Company, of Hartford, Conn., for the manufacture of 30,000 Berdan rifles. The contract is to be filled in eighteen months. One hundred Gatling revolving cannon have also been ordered by the Prussian Government from the same company, and the Prussians are likewise to have some of the same guns.

—Lynchburg calls its lawyers, doctors and editors liquorati.

—Gen. McDowell, of Bull Run fame, is to succeed Ord in command of the Fourth Military District.

—The Treasury receipts since December 12th, were $13,140,000, and since July $98,261,000.

—Three-fifths of the negroes in Mississippi are out of employment.

—Crabs six feet long—or wide—are found in Alaska.

—Tueson is the new capital of Arizona, and all the State officers have removed there.

—The remains of Maximilian have arrived at Cadiz.

—Queen Victoria now has more heathen subjects than Christian.

—The Highlander troops at Montreal have degraded themselves to pantaloons.

—One of the Cheyenne saloons keeps a full brass band to regale its patrons with music.

—It is said a Dayton (Ohio) stage horse has traveled 38,000 miles in seven and a half years.

—California expects to rival New Bedford in the whaling business.

—We hope Agassiz is a false prophet. He predicts thirty six snow storms this winter.

—Over forty million gallons of sorghum syrup are now annually produced in this country.

—The *National Intelligencer* prefers Philadelphia as the place of meeting for the National Democratic Convention.

—A million tons of coal dust are annually consolidated for fuel in France and Belgium. This is all wasted in this country.

—The Vicksburg *Herald* thinks the planters of Mississippi cannot afford to pay laborers more than five dollars a month during the coming year.

—Gen. Sibley is understood to be the military commander of the Third District until the arrival of Gen. Meade.

—The Spanish Cortez has met, and the Queen pledged the nation to maintining the Pope in his temporal power.

—A Boston gentleman is on his way to Florida in his own private conveyance. He has reached North Carolina.

—The white bodies of Christmas pigs in the Cincinnati markets were made to do duty as sign-boards and shields for patriotic names and mottoes.

—The New Orleans *Times* designates the population of the South as "Southern gentleman, plain and colored."

—Ex-Minister Bigelow is about to go to press with Franklin's autobiography. He found the MS. in Paris.

—An artist in the Bowery, New York, is making a fortune by painting black-ened eyes so that no traces of a recent row are discernible.

—A pure gold Saxon finger-ring was recently ploughed up near Duffield, England, which was twelve hundred years old.

—Within twenty-two miles on Saginaw river, Michigan, there are seventy-two immense saw mills, and the intervals are filled with salt works.

—On Friday last two executions for murder occurred in this State. John Nance, a white man, was hung near Rutledge in East Tennessee, and Joseph Huff, a negro, at Harrison. Large crowds, including many women and girls, were present at both these revolting spectacles.

—The Empire gold mines, eight miles west of Charlotte, N. C., are said to produce $1000 a week.

—The Government has derived more than $100,000 beyond expenses from our consular agents this year.

—The English war vessel, Chanticleer, recently lay alongside the Yankee ship, Lockawaunn, at Honolulu, and her band played Dixie and the Bonnie Blue Flag. The Federal musicians retorted by performing Wearing o' the Green, effectually silencing the Johnny Bulls.

—A Southern paper thinks Salm Salm a native of Sing Sing, and daughter of King Him Hymn.

—The Grant men, with A. T. Stewart at their head, are about to issue from New York a circular to business men to organize to make Grant President.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 29.

It is learned from official quarters that Gen. Ord asked to be relieved from the command of the Fourth Military District, and was not removed by the President for any cause.

Gen. Meade, who is ordered to relieve Pope, is expected by the Administration to pursue the same policy that Gen. Hancock has inaugurated in Louisiana.

The reasons which induced the President to remove Gen. Swayne from the Freedmen's Bureau, in Alabama, were based on documentary evidence, alleging that Swayne was running the Bureau in his own interest as a candidate for the United States Senate from that State.

Special Commissioner Kasson, while in Europe, completed a money order treaty with Switzerland, which he recommends for general adoption between the United States and other nations. It is simple in its workings, and designed to facilitate the transmission of funds for bringing immigrants to this country. It is on a principle similar to the money order system now in operation here. Mr. Kasson says it will be a source of profit to the Government as well as security to those sending money. The Postoffice Department has not yet ratified the Switzerland treaty, but will probably do so before long, and if successful it will be extended to Great Britain and other nations.

Several Democratic members have expressed themselves indignant at the revelations made by Henry J. Raymond's recent letter about the Philadelphia Convention, in which it is stated that the President said he didn't want the Democrats to participate in the Convention, and denounced the Democratic party as disloyal. Two Western Democrats have determined to call on the President and ask him for an explanation upon the subject.

Splanchnoscopia.

We spoke lately, says the St. Louis *Republican*, of the invention of a German glass-maker, who has constructed a magnifying glass by means of which the most intricate nerves and vessels inside of the body may be seen from the outside. In looking through the reports of the International Medical Congress, held in August last, at Paris, we find the statement of a new method to discover ulcers and other irregularities in the stomach, the lungs, the abdomen, and even the ovarium, by means of "*transluciditty*!" The method was discovered and discussed by Dr. Milliat, of Kiew, and called by him "Splanchnoscopia." To bring about the translucidity, Dr. Milliat introduces a small, short glass tube into the abdomen as in the stomach, to which are attached two very thin platin wires, which are connected with the electrodes of Miltendarf's apparatus. When the two ends of the wires meet a very intense light is created, strong enough to discriminate the inner organs from the outside with the same accuracy as by a similar proceeding the diagnosis of hydrocele was made many years since. The medical reporter of the *Gazette Hebdomadaire*, nevertheless, remarks that successful experiments were only made with dogs and cats, and that Dr. Milliat has not yet tried his new discovery upon the human body.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

[The wires last night were down beyond Louisville, consequently we are without our usual Northern and foreign dispatches this morning.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, December 31.—The river is rising slowly, with ten feet six inches in the canal by the mark. The weather is cold, and snow has been falling all the evening. Thermometer, 32°.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 31.—Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Davis arrived here at five o'clock this evening.

The Henry Ames arrived this morning with 3600 bales of cotton on board, and while being unloaded her guards on both sides gave way, precipitating a large portion of her cargo into the river. About twenty men, black and white, were drowned or crushed.

Gen. A. McCook has been ordered to relieve Gen. McKenzie, now in command of the sub-district of the Rio Grande. Gen. McKenzie is the officer who suppressed the Brownsville *Ranchero*.

The following was adopted as the XI Article of the Constitution to-day: "No law shall be passed regulating labor and fixing a price thereon."

Article XII declares in favor of religious liberty, and says no religious test shall be required as a qualification for office.

The following was offered by Pinchback, a negro: "The right of all persons to travel on common carriers and be entertained at all places of a public character, shall not be infringed upon in any manner." This was abridged and adopted as the XIIIth Article of the Constitution, but was afterwards reconsidered, and the following substitute offered by Wickliffe:

"All persons shall enjoy equal rights and privileges while travelling in this State, and at all public places of amusement, refreshment or entertainment, of any public place whatever, shall be open to all persons alike, and no company, municipal, parish, or chartered corporation, shall make any rules or regulations creating any distinction between persons on account of race, color or previous condition."

The Convention then adjourned without coming to a vote on the substitute.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

LOUISVILLE, December 31.—Tobacco quiet; sales 40 hhds, at $5@15 for light lugs to medium leaf. Flour, superfine $7 75@8. Wheat $2 35@2 40. Corn, new ear 70c; shelled 80@85c. Oats 65@66c. Molasses, new 75c. Cotton 13@13½c. Bacon, shoulders 10c; sides 12½c. Lard 12½c. Mess Pork $21 50@22. Bulk shoulders 9c; sides 11½c.

ST. LOUIS, December 31.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton, 12½@13c. Flour dull and unchanged; superfine $6@7 25; XX, $9 50@10 50; XXX to fancy, $12 25@13. Wheat dull and lower, $2 50@2 60 for prime to choice. Fall corn, no demand; prices nominal. Oats dull and drooping, 70@71c. Rye unsettled. Provisions dull. Pork, $21. Bacon shoulders, 10c; clear sides, 13c; dry salt shoulders, 8c. Lard nominal; choice tierce, 12c. Whisky nominal, $2 10. Hogs dull, 5½@6c.

The weather is milder, with slight snow falling.

NEW ORLEANS, December 31.—Cotton, active and advancing; middling, 14½@15; sales, 5700 bales; receipts, 7519; exports, 5332 bales. Sugar, firm and tending upward. Molasses, active, with an upward tendency. Flour, firm but prices unchanged. Corn, depressed at $1 05@1 10. Oats, declined, 70@75c. Pork very dull, and jobbing at $22 50. Bacon, slightly firmer; shoulders, 10@10½c; clear sides 14½@15c. Lard, unchanged. Sterling, 43½@46½. New York sight, ½ to ¾ discount. Gold, 32¾.

CINCINNATI, December 31.—Cotton, firmer 14c. Tobacco, nominal. Whisky, 38c bonded. Hogs, firm. Provisions, unchanged but held firm. Pork, new, $20, but holders ask $21. Lard firm, 12½c. Bulk meats and bacon, nominally unchanged. No change in oils.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

—There are no fewer than forty native professional photographers in the city of Osaka, Japan.

—An iron dealer named Ziegler has died at Berne, leaving a fortune of 700,000 francs for the foundation of an asylum for the poor.

—The small village of Cudrifin, Neufchatel, in Switzerland, consisting of thirteen houses and a school, has just been destroyed by fire.

—The Tweed is very low this season and the angling is not as good as usual, yet three salmon have recently been taken weighing respectively sixteen, fifteen and a half, and eleven pounds.

—A Swiss journal says that a young woman named Anna Arnold, sister of an innkeeper at Willisau (Lucerne), has just carried off the first prize at a rifle shooting competition of that town, having made a white with every shot.

—By a treaty between France and Prussia, which was ratified only last summer, a railway, is to be built from Saarbruck to Saar Quemund. This road will connect the railway systems of the two countries.

—Official documents show that last year 4194 immigrants arrived in Victoria. The cost to the colonial government was £58,674. In the last five years this colony has expended £411,232 in assisting immigrants.

—The French navy now consists of 123 sailing ships and 344 steamers. Of the latter, 44 are ironclads, 187 screws and 113 paddles. These 467 ships are of 92,571 horse power, and carry 6784 guns. Besides these, 32 ships, namely, 16 ironclads, 14 screws and 2 sailing vessels are now building for the Government.

FRATRICIDE.

The Daily *American Union*, of the 28th inst., gives the following account of the killing of one brother by his junior, under the following circumstances:

Wm. Frier and Jerry Frier, brothers, living on the river, six miles above town, had an old dispute about some corn. Yesterday Wm. Frier sent to his brother after some whisky. Jerry refused to let him have it, because he was drunk already. This so incensed William that he took his rifle, rode over to his brother's, called him out to the door and shot him, the ball passing clear through his body. According to one account, it is said that the murderer then came to town and bought a coffin, which he had sent out to Boyce's Station, and then left for parts unknown. Another account stated that the murderer immediately fled. We may be able to learn further about the matter to-day.

R. P. WALT & CO,
DEALERS IN
Cypress Lumber,
No. 196 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. dec8 tf

Delinquent Stockholders.

OFFICE MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK R. R.,
MEMPHIS, 12th December, 1867.

ALL stockholders in the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad Company, who have not fully paid their stock call, are hereby notified to come forward and pay out the balance within THIRTY DAYS, or all they have paid will be forfeited to the Company.
By order of the Board.
W. R. WALDRAN,
dec12 30d Secretary and Treasurer.

ABSTRACT OFFICE,
ROOM NO. 1.
Corner Monroe & Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and Complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time,) we are enabled to furnish complete deraignments of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis & Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.
G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.
1 m2d tf Successors to Bond & Campbell.

GEO. C. HOLMES, Memphis. W. M. WHARTON, late of Madison co.
HOLMES & WHARTON,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
36 Madison Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments solicited and liberal advances made on all goods in store. Orders filled promptly and at lowest prices. se27 3m

FOUND.—A SUM OF MONEY AND BUNDLE of Papers, which the owner can get by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply at this office. jal 1w

FOR RENT.—A GOOD DWELLING HOUSE, containing six rooms, kitchen containing two rooms, smoke house, stables, carriage house and cistern, with five acres excellent cleared land under good fence, one and a-half miles from Court Square, near the Germantown Plank road, adjoining W. J. Mhoon's place. Apply at No. 14 Monroe street, to
J. H. BRINKLEY.
jal 2w

Mrs. M. A. Knox

HAS removed her residence to No. 301 Adams street, and will resume her School on Thursday, January 2d.
Memphis, January 1, 1868. jal 2t

Dr. C. B. NORRIS,
OCULIST,
Cures all Kinds of Sore Eyes,
Offices in Bethell Block, up-stairs. Entrance on Main street. ja1 w1m

Dissolution.

THE partnership of RHODES & PARKER expires on this day by limitation.
Rhodes & Brother will continue to buy Cotton on orders, at old office, 304 Front street.
G. B. Parker also continues at the Cotton buying business, on his individual account, at No. 12 Monroe street, at office of Walker & Vought.
VERNON RHODES,
G. B. PARKER.
N. RHODES.
January 1, 1868. jal 1w

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
32 FRONT STREET,
jal 1m MEMPHIS.

FRED. KRAMER, CHAS. MILLER, CHAS. F. PENZEL
KRAMER, MILLER & CO.,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS, STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Steamboat Landing.
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS.

HAVING removed to our new building, we take pleasure in informing the public that we now have the largest and only FIRE PROOF STORE-HOUSE in the State.
Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.
ja1 tf KRAMER, MILLER & CO.

ARKANSAS STAGE LINES
—FROM—
LITTLE ROCK
TO BENTON,
HOT SPRINGS,
Rockport, Arkadelphia, Spoonville, Antoine, Washington, Clarksville, Texas; Tulip, Arkadelphia, Princeton, Camden, Louisville, Russellville, Dardanell, Clarksville, Lewisburg, Ozark, Van Buren, Fort Smith.
Office at the Anthony House, Little Rock, Arkansas. D. J. CHESTER & CO.,
Jal Proprietors.

GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,
Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a
GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.
Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell
Foreign & Domestic Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.
SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the North and West.
E. H. AVERY, Cashier.
JOHN C. LANIER, President.
jal 3m

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed in Trust executed to me, as trustee, by Ass Hodges on the 28 h day of February, 1866, and registered in the proper office in Crittenden county, in the State of Arkansas, in book R, pages 474, 475 and 476, on the 8th day of March, 1867, I will, on
Friday, the 7th Day of February, 1868,
in front of the Clerk's office, in the town of Marion, in said county of Crittenden, proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, a certain tract of land situate, lying and being in the county of Crittenden, State of Arkansas, known and described as the twelve hundred acres land purchased of David Hughes and James Hughes, lying north of the Military road, bounded by John ware and other lands on the west, and on the south by the Military road, and on the east by Warnell's land and Mr. Kelly's part of the said tract of land, and the north by Mr. Hines' lands, which tract of land embraces the dwelling of said Hodges. Said sale will be made to satisfy certain debts named and specified in said deed made to A. W. Arnold. The title to the said land is believed to be good, but I shall sell and convey as trustee only.
W. S. SOUTHWORTH, Trustee.
jal 4ds

To Whom it may Concern.

ON and after this date we will give no credit to any person, so all may govern themselves accordingly.
dec29 1w CUBBINS & GUNN.

J. W. Falls & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
FINE TOILET ARTICLES,
DYE STUFFS, COAL OIL, ETC.
They keep the best quality of WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.
Family goods and quil k sales.
ANTHONY HOUSE,
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
HENRY & BOTSFORD, Proprietors.
Good Fare and Careful Attention.
dec27

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

DANIEL HANLY is a candidate for Wharfmaster at the ensuing municipal election. dec5 te

HAVING received the nomination for Alderman of the Sixth Ward, at the Conservative Convention, I most respectfully ask the support of the voters of said Ward.
R. GRINDROD.

I. T. CARTWRIGHT is a candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward at the ensuing municipal election.

CITIZENS OF THE FIFTH WARD:—Having received the nomination of the Democratic Conservative Convention of the Fifth Ward, I most respectfully ask the support of the citizens of the Ward who claim to belong to the white man's party.
MARTIN COHEN.
dec31 te

JOHN CURRIN is a candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward at the approaching municipal election. dec15 te

THOMAS MOFFET is a candidate for Alderman of the Eighth Ward at the ensuing election. decl1 te

JOHN NEWSOM is a candidate for City Tax Collector at the ensuing municipal election, decl5 te

D. DAVIS is a candidate for re-election as City Tax Collector on Privileges dec5 te

J. P. FOSTER is a candidate for City Tax Collector, at the ensuing election. dec1

WE are authorized to announce Captain STEVE W. WILKINS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Wharfmaster, at the ensuing election. dec7

FOR CITY TAX COLLECTOR ON PRIVILEGES.—We are authorized to announce WILLIAM UNDERWOOD as a candidate for the office of City Tax Collector on Privileges, at the ensuing election. dec5 te

A LEXANDER M. FERGUSON is a candidate for Alderman of the Seventh Ward, at the ensuing Municipal election. dec5 te

WE are authorized to announce ROBERT GOOD as a candidate for Wharfmaster at the ensuing municipal election. nov27 te

WM. E. FITCH, JR., is a candidate for the office of Mayor at the ensuing municipal election. nov19 te

JOHN H. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
J. W. KING.
se7 te

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au7 te

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE 294 MAIN STREET, now occupied by H. Wagenner & Co., as clothing house, with all the fixtures. Possession given immediately. Apply to C. B. CHURCH or M. S. BROOKS, next door. dec21 te

FOR RENT.—A COMFORTABLE HOUSE ON Adams street—six rooms. Besides kitchen and out-houses. Rent required to be paid in board. Apply at the office of
R. C. BRINKLEY.
dec28 1w

JUST FINISHED AND FOR RENT.—TWO of elegant Brick Residences, with store rooms attached. These houses are situated on Second street, in Chelsea, and will be let to good and reliable tenants. Apply to W. D. BEARD, Attorney, No. 13 Court street, or to
W. M. CALLUM.
dec29 tw

FOR RENT.—A fine Brick RESIDENCE, No. 249 Adams street, thoroughly repaired and ready for occupancy. Apply to JAS. J. AMONETT, at 267 Adams street, or to
PROVINE & NELSON.
dec28 1w Second street.

TO RENT.—A HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, with board, No. 36 Court street. decl7 tf

FOR RENT.—The "CHERRY PLACE," on Bayou avenue, 2½ miles from the Court House. Terms reasonable to a good tenant.
PARTEE & HARBERT.
Monroe street.

FOR RENT—COMMERCIAL HOTEL.—This popular Hotel is now offered for lease.
J. J. ANDREWS.
At People's Bank.

FOR A STORE on Main street, location of the best business portions of the city, and at a low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 344 Main street. decl0 tf

FOR RENT—

A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Main and Alabama streets. Also, a number of one and two-room dwellings, on the premises, 300 Alabama street.

FOR RENT—

An excellent new DWELLING HOUSE at Cedar Point, near the Street Railroad. Five Rooms, Kitchen, Servant's room and all conveniences. Apply to
SCHUTT, Irving Block, 2d Second and Second.
nov29 dawtf

FOR RENT—

The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to M. L. MEACHAM,
oct2 tf No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
J. W. PAGE, JR.
oct-tf

For Lease.

Mulberry Grove Plantation,

ON ARKANSAS RIVER.

TWELVE miles below Pine Bluff, is above overflow, has on it a splendid dwelling, cistern orchards, steam-gin and sawmill, good fencing, etc. All in complete order. One thousand acres in a thorough state of cultivation. Almost enough hands on the place now to cultivate same.

Early application should be made to Mrs. John Waters, John W. Gaines, Dr. T. J. Harding, or Robert Lusk, at Nashville. dec8 1m

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT Most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE." The Furniture, of every kind, now used in said Hotel will be sold with the Hotel if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of
KENNY & POINDEXTER,
Real Estate Agents, Kit Williams' Block,
oct 1f Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHINA STORE!—We offer for sale the entire stock of Crockery, Glass and Queensware, etc., as also Store Fixtures, at a bargain for cash. We will sell Fixtures and part of Stock only, if desired. For further particulars, apply to J. DOLFINGER & CO., No. 61 North side of Court square, between Main and Second streets, Memphis, Tenn.
dec27 1m

FOR SALE—

A Steinway & Sons' Seven Octave PIANO, nearly new, and of splendid tone, will be sold cheap for cash, at No. 101 Adams street, or at Appeal office. dec6 tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A SECOND HAND ENGINE, with Boiler and Fixtures complete—Engine with Cylinder 13inches, with 24 inches stroke, usually termed an horse-power, of 16 horses. Will be sold soon at 288 Madison street, or 296 Front Row.
SOUTH W. PT. & GUT. PUMPING CO.
H. MERRITT, Asst'supt.
Memphis, December 12, 1867. dec13 1m

HOMES. HOMES. HOMES.

I WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME FIFTY LOTS OF GROUND near the Brick Church in Chelsea, of any size suitable for Residence, Gardens, etc. Also, two of the best Gardens in the county, with good Houses. Prices very moderate. Call soon and take choice. [nov28 2w] B. R. THOMAS.

WANTS.

WANTED—FROM THREE TO EIGHT Acres well Timbered Land, within five miles of Court Square, for which cash will be paid. Address C. DOWIE,
dec29 1w Senatobia, Miss.

WANTED.—A situation as Book keeper by as old settlem, and fully competent. Will close up old books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "Frank," care of Appeal office. dec21tf

WANTED.—A good young MILCH COW, with CALF not over two months old. Apply at this office. dec21 tf

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PARTACAS AND

REGALIA DEL REY

CIGARS

Are for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S

Smoker's Emporium.

GEORGE L. GRAYSER.
dec8 3m Proprietor, Memphis.

GOOD NEWS for the HOLIDAYS

GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS,

Preserves, Jellies.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

—AND—

CONFECTIONERIES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of VARIETY GROCERIES, etc., consisting in part of Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Citron, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Jellies, and Preserves of all kinds; Sauces, Pickles, Can Fruits, Toys, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumeration. We are also in receipt of regular shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other green Fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience enables us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our customers will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, and that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage demonstrates.

☞ Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.

L. EDUCO & CO., Importers,
290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.
dec16 2m

M. J. ROSSELL,

WHOLESALE GROCER

AND

COTTON FACTOR

and Commission Merchant,

256 FRONT STREET,

Monroe and Union, MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

WEDNESDAY, : : : : JANUARY 1, 1868

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	11:55 p.m.	6:40 a.m
Through Mail Daily	1:40 p.m.	6:10 p.m
Somerville Accommodation (daily (Sundays excepted)	7:45 a.m.	3:40 p.m

Ticket office, 278 corner of South Court st.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m
Night Express	6:00 p.m.	6:30 a.m
Brownsville Accom'odat'n,	6:00 p.m.	10:30 a.m

Ticket office No. 275 Main street and at Depot head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
New Orleans Mail, daily	8:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.
Freight, daily (except sunday)	3:45 p.m.	4:40 a.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 9:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 2:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and Memphis and Charleston roads at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi and Tennessee, and Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and Whiterivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

For Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

For Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

BUSINESS.—We request that our advertising patrons hand in their favors at the Counting Room by six o'clock p.m., to insure insertion next day. Obituary and Death notices will be received at the Composition Room up to eleven o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Hereafter individual bills of any employee or proprietor of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts for advertising. All bills against the APPEAL will be paid on presentation, and no bill will be received unless countersigned by me or by my authority. JOHN AINSLIE,
Cashier and Business Manager.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.—Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the Counting-room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
B. J. MANSFORD,
Superintendent of Circulation.

APPEAL OFFICE.—After January 1st the office of the APPEAL will be at No. 13 Jefferson street, and the Universal Rooms at No. 17 Jefferson street up stairs.

POSTOFFICE.—To-day the Postoffice will be closed at 10 a.m. The carriers will make one delivery between 9 and 10 a.m.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.—"A happy New Year" to all our friends, and we hope they are legion. The wave of Time rolls on and "bears afar our bubbles"; as the old burst, new emerge," and to-day we begin another year. The occurrences of the past year are writ and chronicled—we open new books, and commence accounts anew. May the events, as they approach and culminate, be happier, brighter, more hopeful than those which we have experienced. On this day, friend has been wont to call on friend, and good cheer was met with everywhere. Let it be so now. It is no time for cypress, but the holly branch and mistletoe assert their sovereign sway, to usher in festivities that summon gay hearts to join in the joyful glee that should abound. In the past year, just closed, there were more than customary sorrows, and many homes have been bereft of those who, one year ago, were the lights of their households. Green be their memories, and treasured in the hearts that loved them; but let the sigh be repressed, and the good old smile be renewed, that hope inspires of happier days to banish the gloominess that has so long prevailed us. Why should we now repine? May there not be good yet in store for us? Will the supremacy of evil continue to make us marks for its envenomed shafts, and keep planted on our necks their heels of iron? The restoration of the reign of reason may be in the not far off prospect, and this year may be made memorable by a return to the Constitution of the Union. Commerce did not spread her sails gaily for us, during the past year. Many causes contributed to this effect. The unsettled condition of the country, short and indifferent crops, curtailment of circulation, destruction of confidence, inability to meet engagements, the entire revolution in the labor system, and the wanton and despotic attempt to invest a semi-barbarous race with political power, have all formed the combined engine that has been poison to our institutions and the most vindictive assault upon human happiness. Turn we from the contemplation of this unwelcome theme. We would be happy, and have others happy. We would not plant lilies where only roses should bloom, and when every face should be lighted with smiles, why should we recall memories of the past, to bring with them sighs, and overcast the countenance with sadness? No; we say "begone, dull care," and let the voice of mirth resound. To-morrow, the busy scenes of the year will begin afresh; its strifes and struggles, its expectations and results, and it will be a proper time to enter upon the resolve to avoid evil and merit a just reward.

* FIRE YESTERDAY MORNING.—The fire yesterday morning was caused by the burning of a frame building near the Fair grounds.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—We are requested to state that, this being New Year's day, the regular monthly meeting of the St. Andrew's Society will be postponed till the 8th day of this month.

HORSE STOLEN.—Mr. D. Frank, No. 103 Union street, received a visit from the stock thieves yesterday morning. The result was, he was minus a horse. When will this rascality be put a stop to?

GUN ROBBERY.—The gunsmith shop of Mr. O. Williams, in Center alley, was entered on Monday night, when two target rifles (one of which was silver-mounted) and a number of shot guns of various calibre were stolen.

GONE.—The negro girl who stole the clothing, etc., from Dr. McMillan, was sentenced to fall yesterday by Justice Miller. On the way to the prison she managed to get away from the special Constable, and at last accounts was still among the missing.

COULDN'T COME.—The steamer Commonwealth arrived up yesterday. The Captain reports that he was obliged to put guards out to prevent negroes from swarming his boat. They desired to come to Memphis to spend New Year, and possibly thinking they could vote on Thursday.

DEATH OF FENTON.—Officer John Fenton, of the Metropolitan Police force, who was shot by Jas. Galvin, on Christmas day, died of his wounds yesterday morning. He was buried in the Catholic cemetery at three o'clock. Fenton was about twenty-six years of age, a native of the county of Kerry, and formerly resided at Knoxville. He leaves a wife and one child.

WE CALL especial attention to the card of Dr. Norris. This gentleman's success since he came to our city has been truly remarkable. His new system of treating sore eyes astonishes every one. Cures the most aggravated cases in from ten to twenty days. Widows and orphans of Southern soldiers, when not able to pay, treated free of charge. Office in Bethell Block, Memphis, Tenn.

LARGE SELECTION OF PERIODICALS.—Our courteous and enterprising friend, Mr. Joseph Locke, has on hand a large, varied and well selected assortment of the latest monthlies, weeklies and dailies from all the principal cities in the Union, as well as journals of established reputation in the French, German and Italian languages. A visit to Mr. Locke's establishment, at No. 22 Jefferson street, will be found both profitable and agreeable.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and 393 Main street, have received: Waverly Magazine, Italian Paper, London News, Albion, Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, New York Citizen, London Society for December, American Agriculturist for January, Harpers' Bazar, London Punch, Saturday night, London Punch Almanac for 1868; also Atlantic Almanac for 1868, and dailies from everywhere. Do not forget to call on Emmons & Son for your reading matter. They also have a large stock of blank books, lead pencils, stationery, and ink of all kinds. Now is your time for the new year, 1868. Call on them.

Messrs. Editors: I see from yesterday's *Avalanche* the names of several gentlemen as the Conservative nominees for the various city officers, while in reality there was no nomination at the Greenlaw Hall, except the Hon. J. W. Leftwich for Mayor, all previous nominations having been ignored. Now, I would like to know, how it is that the name of John Newsom, whose claims are equal, if not greater, than any other, as a Conservative candidate, is left off and that of another candidate foisted in his stead, when there has been no nomination for
City Tax Collector, FAIR PLAY.

CONSERVATIVES RALLY!!

MASS MEETING AT GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

A grand Mass Meeting of the Conservative party will be held this evening, commencing at 7 o'clock. All friends of the Conservative party and members are invited to be present. Hon. Albert Pike, Hon. E. M. Yerger, Hon. George Gantt, Hon. Landon C. Haynes and Hon. J. W. Leftwich, will be among the speakers on this occasion.

By order of City Executive Committee.
R. D. BAUGH, Chairman.
J. M. KEATING, Secretary.

BOUNDARIES OF THE SEVERAL WARDS AS DEFINED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.—The following are the boundaries of the several wards of the city as defined by the City Engineer, and published officially by order of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The First Ward shall compromise all the territory beginning at the northwest corner of the old city limits, thence south with the Mississippi river to a line drawn through the center of the alley between Market and Exchange streets, thence with said line east to Bayou Gayoso, thence with the said bayou to its mouth, and thence west to the beginning.

The Second Ward shall comprise all the territory between the southern boundary of the First ward on the north, and a line drawn through the center of Washington street on the south, the Bayou Gayoso on the east, and the Mississippi on the west.

The Third Ward shall comprise all the territory between the south boundary of the Second Ward on the north, and a line drawn through the center of the alley between Jefferson and Court on the south, the Bayou Gayoso on the east, and the Mississippi on the west.

The Fourth Ward shall comprise all the territory between the southern boundary of the Third Ward on the north, and a line drawn through the center of Monroe street on the south, the Bayou Gayoso on the east, and the Mississippi river on the west.

The Fifth Ward shall comprise all the territory between the southern boundary of the Fourth Ward on the north, the southern boundary of the old city lying south of the south, Bayou Gayoso on the east, and the Mississippi river on the west.

The Seventh Ward shall comprise all that portion of the old city lying south of Adams street extended, and east of the Bayou Gayoso.

The Eighth Ward shall comprise all that portion of the old city lying north of the south side of Adams street extended, and east of the Bayou Gayoso.

The Ninth Ward comprises all that portion of the city limits extended, bounded as follows: Beginning at the mouth of Bayou Gayoso, thence northwardly along the meanderings of Wolf river to the line of Brinkley street; thence eastwardly along the line of said street to Moseley Avenue; thence southwardly along the line of Moseley Avenue and Brinkley Avenue extended to Henry Avenue; thence westwardly along Henry Avenue to Town Reserve Avenue; thence northwardly along Town Reserve to a line drawn through the center of the alley between Market and Exchange streets, thence with said line east to Bayou Gayoso, thence with the said bayou to its mouth, and thence west to the beginning.

The Tenth Ward comprises all that portion of the city limits extended, bounded as follows: Beginning at the Mississippi river at a point on a line with Calhoun street; thence eastwardly along the line of said street to the southeast corner of the Butler tract; thence south to the south line of the South Memphis tract; thence eastwardly along the line of said tract to Brown street; thence northwardly along the line of said street to the Rice line; thence eastwardly along said line to Town Reserve Avenue; thence northwardly along the line of said avenue to Henry Avenue; thence eastwardly along the line of said avenue to the line of Brinkley Avenue extended; thence southwardly along the line of said avenue and Brinkley Avenue to Walker Avenue; thence westwardly along the line of said avenue to Bayou Gayoso; thence northwardly along said Bayou Gayoso to Gaines street; thence westwardly along the line of said street to Mississippi river; thence following the meanderings of said river to the place of beginning.

THE ORPHANS' FAIR.—The attendance at the Orphans' Fair, at the Jefferson block, for the benefit of the orphans of St. Peter's church, was not very numerously attended last night, the bad walking, no doubt, preventing many from attending. Those who cannot go themselves, should send their offerings. The managers are doing all in their power to make it a success, and, for so praiseworthy an object, they should succeed. The voting for the various prizes is still going on with some spirit. The relative position of the favorites stand about as the previous night. The Fair will continue open every night during the week, and should be liberally patronized.

HOW, NOW?—The ex-Register, Mr. J. D. Davis, in a card published yesterday, among other things, says: "I was closely questioned the other day one week ago, in relation to the probable relative strength of the white and black voters of the city. I gave it as my opinion that the blacks had the majority then, but that if the registration continued as it was then going on, that by the first of January the whites would have the majority. This was no doubt the reason for annulling all certificates issued by me after the 20th. The office is not worth contending for, but for some feeling in the matter, and knowing no law by which the Governor can remove me in the manner he has assumed to do, I shall still claim to be Register of Shelby county, and further claim that the Judges and Clerks appointed to serve under me only ones who can legally hold the ensuing municipal election."

THE WEATHER.—Monday night it had some appearance of clearing off, but shortly after midnight the snow commenced falling and continued to fall steadily until last night, leaving about five inches on the level. We have consulted the world known and highly respectable individual, "the oldest inhabitant," and he says that it was the most severe snow storm ever known in Memphis. During the day a very much larger number of cutters and sleighs appeared on the streets than on the day previous. Several persons amused themselves extensively throwing snow balls promiscuously. It became, however, a nuisance in the afternoon, when the police interfered and made several arrests, which partially put a stop to the fun. On the whole, however, the day was not unpleasant.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—The play of *Damon and Pythias* did not draw a good house last night. The walking was execrable, and the street cars were not running. The acting was very fine. The "Damon" of Mr. Mayo was all that his most ardent admirers could have anticipated and wished, and the "Pythias" of Mr. Roche was fully up to the mark. We have seldom seen a play so well represented, and the applause was liberally bestowed. This evening Mr. Mayo will appear in that grand conception of the great Bard, in the character of "King Lear." We hope that the lovers of fine acting will give this most meritorious artist a fine house to witness one of the most arduous and difficult parts in the whole range of the drama. It is not often that "Lear" is attempted, and it shows marvellous confidence in so young an actor to undertake it, but fortune favors the brave.

HEBREW FAIR.—The Ladies Fair at the Greenlaw club-room last night was largely attended. Seldom have we seen so much interest manifested on any occasion of the kind as on that of last night. Everybody seemed to be alive to their work. The contest for the horse for the most popular physician was most spirited, and excited a great deal of interest. At the close the vote stood as follows: Dr. Szerenye, 190; Dr. Mitchell, 60; Dr. Frayser, 80; Scattering, 1. The polls for the silver pitcher and goblets for the Banker, and the ice cream service for the Insurance Agent were opened, and several votes cast. They will be voted off to-night. The contest for both prizes is proving to be very interesting. The Editor's Chair will also be got off. The Fair will be closed to-night with a grand hop, when our word for it, a good time will be had by those who are fortunate enough to be in attendance.

THE INSURANCE AGENT.—The elegant silver ice-cream service for the most popular insurance agent, was not given away last night, although the poll was open. It will positively be closed out to-night, when the friends of the no fire-men should muster in full force.

THE STREET CARS.—The street cars did not run yesterday, which was very annoying to persons who desired to travel by that mode. It is supposed that the snow was the cause of the stoppage. That seems, to us, to be a very poor excuse. How is it in other cities where snow falls to a much greater depth than it does here, and still the cars run almost regularly the whole winter? As at present managed, our street railway, which should be a convenience, is, it appears to us, a very great inconvenience. If this is the best that can be done, the thing had better be abolished.

FASHIONABLE WEDDING.—At Calvary Church, last evening, the Rev. Dr. White joined in the bonds of holy matrimony our esteemed friend, Capt. J. N. Privett and Miss A. J. Fletcher, to whom we tender our best wishes for a long life of unalloyed happiness and prosperity. A more brilliant bridal party than that of our friends, is seldom seen anywhere, and certainly has not been surpassed in the Right city since the close of the war.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

ADJOURNED MEETING

Final Meeting of the Board

Last evening, the Board met pursuant to adjournment, President Hulburt in the Chair.

Present: Aldermen Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Amis, Brown, Hill, Holst, O'Donnell, Shaw, Lemon, Smith and Passmore.

SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Alderman Passmore reported salaries of officers for the 41st and 42d corporate years: Mayor, $4000 per year; City Tax Collector, one-half of one per cent on collections; Tax Collector on Privileges, one per cent on collections; Wharfmaster, 7 per cent on collections; Street Commissioner, $2100 per year.

Alderman Shaw asked the Clerk to state the probable amount that would be collected on privileges.

Clerk said collections had been made at $150,000, $175,000 and $200,000.

Alderman Hill thought the amount fixed by the Committee was too low, especially in view of the probable collections for the coming year, when it was likely the collections would not reach the lower figure. He moved to amend by fixing the compensation at two per cent on the first $100,000 and one per cent on any excess.

Alderman Passmore said he had understood that the per centage of the Tax Collector amounted to nearly $8000. This he considered too much for the position he occupied and amount of labor done.

Alderman Shaw thought there was much force in the suggestions of the gentleman from the Fourth ward. He had been informed that the tax collectorship had not been above $5000 or $6000, and this was at three per cent on collections. At two per cent, it would not be an extravagant salary. Some of the salaries were larger than they ought to be, but this was not one of them. He favored the amendment. The amendment and report were adopted, and the ordinance adopted on its second and final reading.

Alderman Cochran reported an agreement between the Mayor for the city, and the several railroad companies, relative to the union depot at the junction of Adams street and Charleston avenue, and a union freight depot on the batture known as the Central Railroad.

Alderman O'Donnell was in favor of postponing action in this matter. He was not for rushing this matter, and moved its indefinite postponement. The subject was discussed by Aldermen Hill and Shaw, the former in favor of the proposed measure, and against postponement.

Aldermen Glancy and O'Donnell opposed the measure, and favored postponement.

Alderman Johnson thought the only objection that he could suggest was, that it might obstruct several streets. The motion for postponement was lost—Aldermen Glancy and O'Donnell voting in the affirmative. Noes, 10. The Mayor was then authorized to perfect the contract, by the adoption of the report.

PETITIONS.

A number were presented by Aldermen Glancy, O'Donnell, Shaw, Amis, Lemon and Passmore and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Alderman Smith reported in favor of granting the petition of A. H. Dudley to erect a carriage house between Market and Winchester streets. Agreed to.

Alderman Passmore reported in favor of granting the petition for transferring the license of ——— Insurance Company. Agreed to.

The same presented the petition of Flem. Carver and others to permit the wharfboat of the Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company to remain at the landing.

Alderman Passmore moved the reconsideration of former action of the Board in this matter.

Alderman Hill opposed the motion, and discussed the merits of the premises. He was in favor of abiding by the action of the Board in abolishing the boats.

Alderman Smith advocated the proposed reconsideration, and stated the general merits of having the wharfboats where they are for general accommodation. He referred to the names of the merchants who had sustained the petition.

Alderman Shaw called for the reading of the names attached to the petition. They were read, of principal merchants in the city.

Alderman Passmore said this wharfboat and the lower wharfboat had been understood as doing a commission business, but such he learned, with regard to the wharfboat, was not the fact, as it had refused to do a commission business. He adverted to the remark of the gentleman from the Fourth ward, that the 125 merchants who signed the petition did not know the paper they were signing. They were entitled to due consideration of the Board. He was under the impression that this wharfboat had done a commission business as the lower wharfboat had done. He was for striking out that portion relating to this wharfboat.

Alderman Shaw had always found that due deliberation was always best. He had heard the charge of these boats doing commission business stoutly denied, and he should sustain the motion.

Alderman Hill was also in favor of not acting hastily, and therefore should oppose the motion. He could wait a month or two. He had investigated the matter, and it was proved that they had not been doing a commission business. He said in reference to the signatures, that gentlemen did not know the effect of what they were signing. If five wharfboats were too many, one is one-fifth of the sum; besides, to permit this boat to remain, were to give it a monopoly of the business.

Alderman Johnson said the Board had desired to protect the interests of the city in removing the boats; and certainly this petition should receive due consideration. He would like to hear from Mr. Wilkins, the Wharfmaster.

Alderman Cochran said that it was the object of the committee to protect our local packets.

Alderman Amis said that this boat had held freights from home packets to ship by transient boats.

Alderman Glancey thought if the rest should be removed, all should go the same way.

Alderman Smith said no distinction should be made. The boats landing at the wharfboats all pay the city revenue. Why make flesh of one and flesh of the other? If you let one wharfboat remain let all remain.

Alderman Passmore replied to the gentleman from the Seventh ward, and said he introduced the petition and made the motion in respect to the petitioners, and because it was urged that this wharfboat had never done a commission business, which had been done by the other boat. They pay $100 a month, and keep the landing clean in their front. Until it is proved that they have done a commission business, he should vote against the removal. He illustrated his position by referring to the grant of part of the landing to the railroads as a matter of general accommodation.

Alderman Smith thought if one is to be removed, all should be removed.

Motion to reconsider lost—ayes 5, nays 8.

Alderman Passmore moved that the petition be granted.

Alderman Cochran moved its reference to the Landing Committee.

Alderman O'Donnell thought five hundred petitioners would come up from the other wharf boat.

Alderman Amis asked if one thousand petitioners could not be procured to hang some of the candidates for Mayor.

Alderman Wickersham thought if the matter was referred and thoroughly investigated, it would be advantageous.

Alderman Shaw being in favor of deliberation, was in favor of the reference.

Alderman Passmore did not advocate one wharf boat more than another, if they do not violate the laws of the city.

Alderman Cochran said the Atlantic and Mississippi line were not running boats now.

Alderman Glancey thought one should be treated like the rest.

Alderman Wickersham would make it his business to investigate the matter if deferred.

Alderman Johnson wished to hear from the Wharfmaster.

Petition referred to Landing Committee.

Alderman Lemon—

Resolved, That the employees in the Engineer's department be settled with on a cash basis. Adopted.

By same—That the Comptroller pay the salaries of Aldermen for Fortieth corporate year in cash.

Alderman Passmore amended by placing the aldermen on the same footing with the city employees.

Alderman Lemon—A lamp post on the corner of Linden and Lauderdale streets.

Alderman Brown—Gas light in front of the Episcopal Church on Madison street.

Alderman Johnson—An ordinance fixing the bonds for city officers—increasing them. The Mayor, $100,000. He moved to adopt it on the first reading.

Alderman Hill was opposed to starting any such thing—that this Board should retire with any such ridiculous matter among its last acts.

Alderman Smith—The Board had a right to fix and require the bonds. He knew the three candidates would not object to it.

Alderman Amis—The first time in the annals of government he had ever heard of an executive officer giving bonds. It was an insult to common decency.

Alderman Amis moved to lay on the table. Lost. Ayes—Glancey, Wickersham, Amis, Hill, O'Donnell, Lemon—6. Nays—Johnson, Cochran, Brown, Holst, Shaw and Smith—6.

President Hulburt voted in the negative, and the ordinance was passed by the same vote, with Passmore instead of the President.

Alderman Passmore moved to take up the ordinance regulating the streets.

Motion to reconsider lost—ayes 5, nays 8.

Alderman Passmore moved that the petition be granted.

Alderman Cochran moved its reference to the Landing Committee.

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Alderman Passmore moved to take up the ordinance regulating the streets.

Motion to reconsider lost—ayes 5, nays 5.

It was moved to refer the whole matter to the Paving Committee. Lost.

Alderman Johnson moved to refer the subject to the first meeting of the incoming Board.

Alderman Passmore had misunderstood the former motion and had voted unadvised, and moved a reconsideration. Ayes 7, nays 6.

Alderman Passmore spoke in favor of cleaning the streets, as an urgent necessity, gutters blocked up, and the streets covered with mud and slush. The Board could take action as well now as to leave it to another Board.

Mr. Wickersham moved to adjourn. Carried.

COMMITTED.—James Galvin, charged with killing officer Fenton, was examined before Mr. Justice Hall yesterday, and sent to the Criminal Court for trial.

DARING.—Between eight and nine o'clock last night some thieves broke the show window in the store of Messrs. J. W. McGibben & Bro., No. 281 Main street, and stole about twenty bottles of liquor, and got off with the ardent.

THE BANKER.—For good and sufficient reasons, the vote for the silver pitcher and goblets to be awarded to the most popular banker was not closed last night. It will positively be disposed of to-night at the Ladies' Fair, Greenlaw Club Room. Look to your favorite.

Refer to the Following Testimonials. Mr. Thomas G. Polnsett is undoubtedly one among the best, if not the best, tuner and repairer of pianos we have ever met, and we cordially recommend him to public patronage.

H. T. TOMLINSON,
C. F. WINKLER,
H. A. SABATSKY.

Orders left at F. Katzenbach's will be promptly attended to.

For Re-election.—Sidney Cook is a candidate for re-election to the office of School Visitor for the Seventh Ward. He has served on the Board faithfully during the past year. He is a thoroughly competent gentleman, whose past services is the best recommendation we could give him. We hope the good people of the Seventh Ward will again secure his services at the School Board.

Watches, Diamonds and Silverware. Passmore & Co., at their salesrooms, No. 280 Second street, continue this morning at 10 o'clock, the sale of fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, etc. If yesterday's sale is to be a criterion, bargains are certain to be obtained by attending the auction.

Important to the Ladies.—The following new goods have been received at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s: Black and Colored Satin, Nail Heads, Bugle Trimming, Jet Buttons, White Alpacca and Trimming for party dresses, Alexandre Kid Gloves, Waterproof Cloth and Buttons. Also a full line of Hosiery, Flannels, Linen Shirt Fronts and a large stock of Bleached Domestics.

Calicos, New Calicos, of beautiful styles, just received at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s.

Handsome Hair Braids, new style Head Dress, color Bande a la Bismark, just received at Madame Guilmard, 62½ Jefferson street, near Postoffice. dec29-1w

For Street Commissioner.—Mr. Thos. Malone is in the field and the popular candidate for the office of Street Commissioner. He has held the position for the past fifteen months, and has given general satisfaction for the manner in which he has discharged the duties pertaining to his office. Any man can understand the duties well, therefore it will be to the interest of the citizens to elect Mr. Malone.

Important to Gentlemen who need the following goods: White Shirts, Under Shirts, Collars, Cuffs and Neck Ties, and a complete line of Furnishing Goods. Call at the Greatest Closing Out Sale of the season where you get them at half price, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street.

M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, have brought from their wholesale to to their retail department, a large lot of new goods, which must be sold regardless of cost or value.

Men's good Boots, $2. Men's Brogans $1. Nice quality of Undershirts and Drawers, $1 each. Good heavy Jeans, 80c. J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, No. 231 Main street.

The rush still continues at the greatest closing out

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, December 31, 1867.

The money market for the week has been quiet, owing to the dullness of the cotton market, or rather the inactivity displayed in the staple. Our banks are well provided with currency in anticipation of large cotton sales during the coming week. Business paper for ordinary purposes of trade is not taken only to exceptional cases, while very large amounts are due between the 1st and 4th. The offerings of exchange during the week were comparatively light for the same reason given above, and the demand has been moderate. New York sight is taken at ½@¾ discount, and on other points east at ¾ discount. New Orleans exchange is in good supply, and rates remain unchanged. The selling rates are firm at par.

The gold market has varied but little. The opening rate in New York to-day was 139¾@. There were no transactions of note in our market during the week. Dealers buy at 132@134c. The counter demand is not so large as before the holidays, but is equal to the offerings. Selling at 135@136c.

City Scrip is dull and not sought after by dealers. The offerings, however, are not large. The buying rate to-day was 93@96c; selling at 80@95c.

The demand for County Warrants was quite active throughout, with none offering. Brokers sell at 70@75c.

Police scrip is dull at 80@85c buying. Selling at 85c.

The cotton market for the week has been inactive, but prices were firm and tending upwards. There was no report from Liverpool until Friday—owing to the holidays. The New York market opened on Thursday with Middling at 35c, and Orleans 36c. Our own market was inactive, with a few sales at 33@34c. The Liverpool market opened at 7½d for Uplands, and Orleans 7¾d. The New York Uplands, and Orleans 7¾d. The New York market closed with a fair demand. Middlings 35¾@36c, and our market advanced to 33½@34c. On Saturday there was a fair demand in New York and prices firm, while sellers in our own market asked 35@36, but sales are now made on a basis of 33c with exceptions at holders' figures. On Monday there was little done, owing to the difference between the views of buyer and seller. A few sales were reported at 33½@34c. The Liverpool market to-day was active at the opening; Uplands 7¾d, Orleans 7¾c, and at 1 p.m. was active. The New York dispatch of 12 m. reported holders asking an advance, and buyers cautious. Middlings 36½c, Orleans 36½c, and closed firm, with a good demand and prices tending upwards. There is an idea prevailing amongst that prices will improve after New Year's, and they are not anxious to sell. There was an active inquiry to-day, but few buyers took hold as the figures asked were fully ¼c above their ideas or limit, and, in consequence, sale for the day were not heavy. A few lots of bright Middlings changed hands at 34c, but the basis upon which the majority of sales transpired was 33½@. The market closed firm and tending upwards. The sales in Liverpool to day were 10,000 bales, and for the last three days, or since Christmas, 33,000 bales. Of this amount 6000 were taken by speculators, leaving a stock on hand of 497,000 bales.

Low Stained	30	@30¼
Clean Stained	31	@32
Ordinary	32½	@32¾
Good Ordinary	32½	@32¾
Low Middling	33	@33¼
Mi ddling	33½	@34
Str ct Middling	34¼	@34½
Good Middling	35	@—
Middling Fair	36	@37

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867	897	1,080
Received to-day		
Received previously	120,088	120,795
		121,875
Exported to-day	2,267	
Exported previously	108,784	111,051
Stock on hand		10,824
Receipts for the week		8,143
Exports for the week		15,206
Received last week		12,500
Exported last week		11,257
Received this month		19,536
Exported this month		51,022

Memphis Wholesale Boot and Shoe Market.

We have no change to note in the market for the week. Country buyers were not in town, and the few orders filled were for heavy wear. The present bad weather will no doubt cause some action.

Men's U. B. kip brogans	$1 25	@2 00
" L and B. kip brogans	1 25	@2 00
" " split brogans	1 00	@1 50
" " buff brogans	1 00	@1 75
" calf brogans	1 50	@2 50
" buff balmorals	1 50	@2 25
" calf "	2 50	@4 00
" split boots	2 50	@3 50
" kip "	3 00	@4 25
" calf "	3 50	@5 00
Boy's kip "	1 75	@2 10
" buff "	2 50	@3 00
Youth's buff boots	2 00	@2 50
" split "	1 50	@2 25
" kip "	1 75	@2 25
Children's split boots	1 00	@1 50
Woman's split balmorals, pegged	75	@1 50
" buff " "	1 25	@2 00
" calf " "	1 25	@1 75
" calf "	1 00	@1 25
" pebble grain bals., p'd	1 00	@1 75
" buff balmorals, pegged	1 25	@1 75
Misses' "	1 00	@1 50
" calf "	1 25	@1 75
Boy's kip brogans	1 00	@1 50
" split brogans	75	@1 25
Youth's split and kip brogans	90	@1 25
Children's balmorals	60	@1 00
Ladies' sewed kid and goat bals	1 75	@3 00
" calf and buff bals	1 75	@3 00
Misses' " kid and goat bals	1 25	@2 25
" calf and buff bals	1 50	@2 25

Memphis Wholesale Dry Goods Market.

The Dry Goods trade for the week has not been favorable, owing to the inclement weather and the holidays, which keep country buyers at home. Prices are firm in some things, but not quotably higher. White prints have declined 2c, and cotton 1c. The retail trade has been somewhat better during the week, but the late storms has prevented shipping to a large extent. Many of our houses are closing out at greatly reduced prices, with a view of retiring from business altogether.

BROWN SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS.		
Indian Orchard	5-4	13
Indian Head	5-4	15
Atlantic	5-4	13½
Bedford R	7-8	12
Bedford O	7-8	12
Pepperl l O	7-8	12
Indian Head	4-4	15½
Appleton A	4-4	15½
Stark A	4-4	15½
Standard	4-4	13
Pepperil R	4-4	13
Utica	3-4	10
Mohawk	10-4	40
Pepperil	10-4	45
BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.		
Stark	4-4	17½
Massabesic	4-4	16
Oakland	4-4	17
Fruit of the Loom	7-8	17
Wamsutta	4-4	18½
Lonsdale	4-4	17
ONABURG.		
Kentucky	7-8	17
Rock Factory	7-8	16½
Southern	4-4	13

Wholesale Tobacco Market.

The tobacco market is dull. Prices are weak and somewhat irregular. The stocks on hand are large and well assorted. Leaf tobacco is only in demand in a small way, and quotations for it can't be given accurately.

Leaf	3	@ 5
Common Lugs	8	@ 12
Medium to Good	15	@ 20
Fine	22	@ 25
Fine natural leaf light prss	1 00	@ 1 40
Fine fancy Va., new work	1 00	@ 1 50
Fine bright, pounds	85	@ 1 10
Medium "	65	@ 80
Com'on "	40	@ 50

Cattle and Hog Market.

The stock market is dull owing to the receipts of dressed meats from this interior, and by boats from above. There is some demand for No. 1 beef cattle from butchers, but inferior find very light sale. The stock is light but ample for the demand.

Choice beef cattle gross	7 @8
Inferior " "	3½@5
Milch cows, per head	$20@75
Texas cattle per head	20@30
Hogs, gross	7½@8
Dres ed hogs	9 @10
Sheep, per head	3@5

Wholesale Market.

Prices are shrinking gradually on many articles of prime necessity and quotations are irregular. Meats are abundant and the demand light. Bulk Meats are especially heavy and stock large. Corn is dull with no shipping demand to note. Ear corn is rather scarce and preferred for feeding purposes. Oats are in good supply and dull. Hay is heavy; large receipts for the past few days have glutted the market. Butter is in better supply and lower. Eggs are scarce but the demand is light. Chickens are in demand with few in market. The improvement in the rivers above will no doubt cause a further decline in all things, as large shipments are on their way to this and other Southern ports.

BAGGING,		
India	24	@ 28
Kentucky Power	24	@—
Hand	19	@ 21
BEANS, per bushel,		
Choice Navy	4 00	@ 4 50
BUTTER, per pound,		
Tubs choice	40	@ 42
Common	30	@ 32
BROOMS, per dozen	2 50	@ 3 00
BEESWAX, per pound	30	@ 35
CANDLES, per bbl	15 00	@18 00
CHEESE per barrel		
Factory	4 00	@ 4 50
Dairy	4 00	@ 4 50
Goshen "		
Full cream, pound,		
Factory	18½	@ 19
Dairy	22	@ 25
Goshen	23	@ 30
Full cream	24	@ 40
CORN, per bushel,		
Shelled	1 00	@ 1 10
Ear	90	@ 1 00
CORN MEAL, per bushel	1 00	@ 1 10
CORN, per bushel,		
Shelled	1 00	@ 1 10
Ear	90	@ 1 00
CORN MEAL, per bushel	1 00	@ 1 10
CANDLES, per pound,		
Sperm	45	@ 50
Adamantine	30	@ 35
Star	25	@ 30
Tallow	20	@ 25
CHICKENS, per dozen	3 00	@ 4 00
DRIED FRUIT, per pound,		
Apples	10	@ 12
Peaches, peeled	20	@ 25
Peaches, unpeeled	12	@ 15
Blackberries	12	@ 15
EGGS, per dozen	30	@ 35
FEATHERS, per pound	60	@ 65
FLOUR, per barrel,		
Superfine	6 00	@ 6 50
Extra	7 00	@ 7 50
Family	8 00	@ 8 50
Double extra	9 00	@ 9 50
Choice	10 00	@11 00
FISH, per pound,		
Mackerel, No. 1	12	@ 15
Mackerel, No. 2	10	@ 12
Mackerel, No. 3	8	@ 10
Trout	8	@ 10
Herring	8	@ 10
Cod	8	@ 10
FRUIT, per bushel,		
Apples, green	1 00	@ 1 50
Apples, dried	2 00	@ 2 50
Peaches, peeled	3 00	@ 3 50
Peaches, unpeeled	1 00	@ 1 50
Blackberries	1 00	@ 1 50
GRAIN, per bushel,		
Wheat, white	1 50	@ 1 60
Wheat, red	1 40	@ 1 50
Rye	1 00	@ 1 10
Oats	60	@ 70
Barley	1 00	@ 1 10
Corn	1 00	@ 1 10
GUNNIES, per piece		
Single	20	@ 22
Double	40	@ 45
HAY, per hundred	1 50	@ 1 75
HIDES, per pound,		
Dry flint	20	@ 22
Dry salted	15	@ 18
Green	8	@ 10
Bull and stag	5	@ 6
HOMINY, per bushel	1 00	@ 1 10
HOOP IRON, per pound	6	@ 7
HORSES, per head	100	@150
HORSE FEED, per bushel,		
Oats	60	@ 70
Corn	1 00	@ 1 10
Bran	1 00	@ 1 10
LARD, per pound	18	@ 20
LEAD, per pound	10	@ 12
MULES, per head,		
2 years old	100	@125
3 years old	125	@150
4 years old	150	@175
5 years old	175	@200
6 years old	200	@225
7 years old	225	@250
MEAL, per bushel	1 00	@ 1 10
MEAL, per pound	1	@ 2
MOLASSES, per gallon,		
Cuba	55	@ 58
Lard	1 20	@ 1 40
Linseed	1 15	@ 1 20
Train	90	@ 1 00
Turpentine	70	@—
PLASTER, per barrel,		
New York	5 00	@ 5 50
Michigan	5 00	@—
PROVISIONS,		
Pork, mess, per barrel	21 50	@22 50
Prime Mess	18 50	@19 00
Rump	17 00	@18 00
Bacon, Clear Sides, per lb	13½	@— 14
Clear Rib Sides	12	@— 12½
Clear Rib Sides	11½	@— 12
Shoulders	9	@— 9½
Breakfast	15	@— 15½
Hams, plain	14½	@— 15
Hams canvased	14	@— 16
Sugar cured	18	@— 20
ROPE,		
Machine	9	@— 9½
Hand	7½	@— 8
Manilla	22	@— 23
GUNNIES,		
New	24	@— 25
Old	18	@— 20
RICE, per pound,		
In barrels	11	@— 14
ROSIN, per barrel	6 50	@ 8 50
SUGAR, per pound,		
Crushed and powdered	18	@— 18½
Clarified	16	@— 16½
Coffee A	17½	@— 17¾
" B	16	@—
" C	16½	@—
Extra C	16½	@—
Brown	12½	@— 16
SPICES,		
Allspice	33	@—
Cloves	40	@— 50
Ginger, white	25	@— 30
Nutmegs	1 65	@ 2 00
Pepper	10	@— 11
SODA, per pound,		
German	10	@— 11
Palm	7	@— 8
Rosin	3	@— 3½
SHOT	3 25	@ 3 50
TALLOW, per pound	9	@— 9½
TAR, per dozen kegs	6 50	@ 7 00
TWINE, per pound	22	@— 24
VEGETABLES,		
Potatoes, ¶ bbl	3 75	@ 4 25
Sweet, per bushel	75	@ 1 00
Onions, per barrel	6 00	@ 7 00
Turnips, per bbl	2 00	@ 2 50
VINEGAR, cider, per bbl	8 50	@11 00
WHISKY, per gallon		
Common	1 75	@ 2 00
Imitation Bourbon	2 25	@ 2 50
Bourbon	3 00	@ 4 00

ABSTRACT OFFICE,

ROOM NO. 1.

Corner Monroe & Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and Complete Index of the register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time) we are enabled to furnish complete derangements of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis & Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

J. J. CAMPBELL & CO.
Successors to Bond & Campbell.

GEO. C. HOLMES, Memphis. W. M. WHARTON, late of Madison Co.

HOLMES & WHARTON,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

36 Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments solicited and liberal advances made on all goods in store. Orders filled promptly and at lowest prices. se27 3m

Delinquent Stockholders.

OFFICE MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK R. R., } MEMPHIS, 12th December, 1867.

ALL stockholders in the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad Company, who have not fully paid their stock out, are hereby notified to come forward and pay out the balance within THIRTY DAYS, or all they have paid will be forfeited to the Company.

By order of the Board.

W. R. WALDRAN,
dec12 30d Secretary and Treasurer.

R. P. WALT & CO,

DEALERS IN

Cypress Lumber,

No. 196 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. dec8 1f

WHITE LINE AGENCY.

White Line Central Transit Company, via Louisville, Jeffersonville or New Albany.

THROUGH Receipts given to New York, Boston and New England cities, for Cotton and other freights. Quick Time, Low Rates, and no change of cars.

For through contracts, apply to
E. TERRELL GIBSON, Agent,
Or LARRY HARMSTAD & CO.,
dec6 Office corner Main and Madison sts.

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,

MARBLE WORKS.

No. 59 Union Street,

Between Second and Third.

NOTICE.

THE Nonconnah Turnpike Company and Wolf River Plank Company will hold their Annual Meeting on the 4th January, 1868, at Dogel Pearson's. D. G. JAMES, President.
DOYEL PEARSON, Secretary.
December 25, 1867. dec25 1w

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. NANCE, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 450 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn., before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of January, A. D., 1868, at 11 o'clock a. m.

J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
dec27 2t

CLOTHING.

$85,000

—WORTH OF—

CLOTHING,

—FOR—

MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN,

—AT—

COST FOR CASH.

THE FINEST, LARGEST,

—AND—

BEST STOCK IN THE CITY!

FROM and after this day, I will close out my entire stock of seasonable Winter CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS of every description, AT COST, and many articles for LESS THAN COST, for cash.

All Bills are Discontinued.

I sell from this day for nothing but the CASH ON DELIVERY—not at the end of the month or the week.

Country Merchants

Can now replenish their Stocks at LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES.

The special attention of the Ladies is directed to my large and well assorted stock of

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

From three years old up. This is the best opportunity ever offered for supplying your wants at greatly reduced prices, as I am DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT THE ENTIRE STOCK WITHIN NINETY DAYS.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
dec7 1f 327 Main Street.

CLOTHING!

CHEAPEST IN THE CITY

All Cost Houses to the contrary notwithstanding.

—

EXAMINE OUR STOCK

Compare Prices,

AND BE CONVINCED THAT

YOU CAN GET BETTER GOODS

—FOR—

LESS MONEY

THAN ELSEWHERE.

Cash is the Basis of all our Transactions.

A. T. LACEY. E. L. M'GHEE.

LACEY & M'GHEE,

Cotton Factors,

Dealers in Plantation Supplies,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 222 Front Street, Memphis.

☞ Special attention paid to the sale of Cotton. dec 1 1m

STERLING FOWLKES, WM. A STEFFEY, THOMAS F. ADAMS, WITH

FOWLKES & STEFFEY,

(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.,)

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 193 Second and 43 Washington Sts,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

I HAVE removed my office to 233½ Main next the Clay building, where I am prepared to fill with No. 1 Pittsburg Coal, all orders with which I may be favored.

H. B. PACKER,
dec6 1m Coal Dealer.

BOOKS.

LAW BOOKS,

School Books,

Novels,

And a Fine Stock of Stationery,

—AT—

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

No. 312 Second Street
dec14 1m Corner of Monroe.

ELLIOTT & CO.,

Receiving, Forwarding

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 2 Promenade Street,

Foot of Jefferson, Opp. Steamboat Landing,

Office Up-Stairs, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Dealers in

Hay, Oats, Corn,

AND UP-COUNTRY PRODUCE,

No. 82 Beal Street, near Bayou Bridge.

September, 1867. sed

PREPARE FOR CHRISTMAS

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO.,

HAVE THE ONLY COMPLETE STOCK

WOOD & WILLOW WARE

IN THE CITY.

Brooms, Brushes, Cordage, Etc.

An extensive and carefully selected stock of

Toys and Holiday Goods

Is now open to dealers and the retail trade. Our superior facilities enable us to supply goods in our line AT LOWER RATES than can be found elsewhere in the city. Call and see us,

AT 330 MAIN STREET,

Between Union and Monroe. dec8

JOHN R. SPEED, JAMES S. CARPENTER. Of Speed, Donoho & Strange. Louisville, Ky.

SPEED & CARPENTER,

—AGENTS OF THE—

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Comp'y,

HARTFORD; CAPITAL, $17,000,000.

WE present one of the strongest companies in the United States, and desire particularly that persons wishing LIFE INSURANCE should call and see us. We require but little money. The Company is entirely mutual.

SPEED & CARPENTER,
dec6 1m 42 Madison street, Memphis.

RUFUS P. HILL. A. J. WHEELER

HILL & WHEELER,

General Claim & Collecting Agents,

No. 19 Madison Street (Up Stairs,)

Selden Block, - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

WILL attend to and prosecute all claims in Bankruptcy, either in this State, North Mississippi or Arkansas. One of the firm will always be ready to make trips to any county in this or other States, to collect or secure claims that may be placed in their hands.

Merchants will find that we shall attend to their interest as well as any Special Agent that could employ.

Kinds of Claims or Accounts Solicited.

As to Competency and Reliability, we refer to any of the Old Lawyers and Citizens of Memphis. dec6 1m

AROMATIC VEGETABLE Soap Combined with Glycerine, recommended for the delicate skin of ladies and children.

NEW YORK CARDS.

TERWILLIGER & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange

Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES,

With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 100 Malden Lane, near Pearl St., se5 dawlom NEW YORK.

THE

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency at

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner 10th street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these instruments at factory prices to the trade, wholesale and retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the iron inlaid Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving in connection with the patent iron rim a firm frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to
Siberia Ott,
se5 dawlom 783 Broadway, New York.

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S

BILLIARD TABLES

THE most reliable Cushion used on Billiard Tables is the

Cat-Gut Cushion,

Manufactured by KAVANAUGH & DECKER, and patented December 18, 1866. (See Scientific American, Vol. 15, No. 25.)

It is the only Cushion that possesses all the qualities essential to a Perfect Cushion. It is the most elastic and most durable Cushion ever offered to the billiard-playing public, as is abundantly proved by the great demand for it since its introduction. The peculiarity which distinguishes the Cat-Gut Cushion and renders it superior to all others, is the improved cord of cat-gut which overlies the face and edge of the rubber and running the full length of the Cushion, which prevents the ball from bedding into the rubber and jumping from the tables. The addition of the cat-gut cord also adds much to the elasticity of the Cushion.

The Cat-gut Cushion has already been applied to over 1000 tables, which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make, for $75 per set.

Cavanaugh & Decker's Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal streets, N. Y., is the most complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly skilled.

Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.

Kavanagh & Decker are the only agents in this country for Kay's Cue Cement. Adjudged by competent authorities to be the best cement ever used.

Full size Tables cut down for $100.

Send for Illustrated Price List.

KAVANAGH & DECKER,
Corner of Centre and Canal sts.,
se5 1f&2t New York City.

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.,

THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, and on our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the thirty-seven years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar sweetness and singing brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower registers are retaining its positiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them a disagreeable confusion. The refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpractised ear and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years.

sep5 d&wly

L. M'GHEE.

LACEY & M'GHEE,

Cotton Factors,

Dealers in Plantation Supplies,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 222 Front Street, Memphis.

☞ Special attention paid to the sale of Cotton. dec 1 1m

STERLING FOWLKES, WM. A STEFFEY, THOMAS F. ADAMS, WITH

FOWLKES & STEFFEY,

(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.,)

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 193 Second and 43 Washington Sts,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

I HAVE removed my office to 233½ Main next the Clay building, where I am prepared to fill with No. 1 Pittsburg Coal, all orders with which I may be favored.

H. B. PACKER,
dec6 1m Coal Dealer.

BOOKS.

LAW BOOKS,

School Books,

Novels,

And a Fine Stock of Stationery,

—AT—

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

No. 312 Second Street
dec14 1m Corner of Monroe.

ELLIOTT & CO.,

Receiving, Forwarding

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 2 Promenade Street,

Foot of Jefferson, Opp. Steamboat Landing,

Office Up-Stairs, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Dealers in

Hay, Oats, Corn,

AND UP-COUNTRY PRODUCE,

No. 82 Beal Street, near Bayou Bridge.

September, 1867. sed

PREPARE FOR CHRISTMAS

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO.,

HAVE THE ONLY COMPLETE STOCK

WOOD & WILLOW WARE

IN THE CITY.

Brooms, Brushes, Cordage, Etc.

An extensive and carefully selected stock of

Toys and Holiday Goods

Is now open to dealers and the retail trade. Our superior facilities enable us to supply goods in our line AT LOWER RATES than can be found elsewhere in the city. Call and see us,

AT 330 MAIN STREET,

Between Union and Monroe. dec8

JOHN R. SPEED, JAMES S. CARPENTER. Of Speed, Donoho & Strange. Louisville, Ky.

SPEED & CARPENTER,

—AGENTS OF THE—

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Comp'y,

HARTFORD; CAPITAL, $17,000,000.

WE present one of the strongest companies in the United States, and desire particularly that persons wishing LIFE INSURANCE should call and see us. We require but little money. The Company is entirely mutual.

SPEED & CARPENTER,
dec6 1m 42 Madison street, Memphis.

RUFUS P. HILL. A. J. WHEELER

HILL & WHEELER,

General Claim & Collecting Agents,

No. 19 Madison Street (Up Stairs,)

Selden Block, - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

WILL attend to and prosecute all claims in Bankruptcy, either in this State, North Mississippi or Arkansas. One of the firm will always be ready to make trips to any county in this or other States, to collect or secure claims that may be placed in their hands.

Merchants will find that we shall attend to their interest as well as any Special Agent that could employ.

Kinds of Claims or Accounts Solicited.

As to Competency and Reliability, we refer to any of the Old Lawyers and Citizens of Memphis. dec6 1m

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 20th day of December, A. D., 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FRANK UNDERWOOD, of Memphis, in the County of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 450 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn., before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of January, A. D., 1868, at 11 o'clock a. m.

J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
dec27 2t

THROUGH

THROUGH Receipts given to New York, Boston and New England cities, for Cotton and other freights. Quick Time, Low Rates, and no change of cars.

For through contracts, apply to
E. TERRELL GIBSON, Agent,
Or LARRY HARMSTAD & CO.,
dec6 Office corner Main and Madison sts.

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,

MARBLE WORKS.

No. 59 Union Street,

Between Second and Third.

NOTICE.

THE Nonconnah Turnpike Company and Wolf River Plank Company will hold their Annual Meeting on the 4th January, 1868, at Dogel Pearson's. D. G. JAMES, President.
DOYEL PEARSON, Secretary.
December 25, 1867. dec25 1w

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. NANCE, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 450 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq. Register, on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

Memphis, Tenn., 27th day of December, A. D. 1867.

M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
dec27 2t

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J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
dec27 2t

Cash is the Basis of all our Transactions.

A. T. LACEY. E. L. M'GHEE.

LACEY & M'GHEE,

Cotton Factors,

Dealers in Plantation Supplies,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 222 Front Street, Memphis.

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ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

NO. 305 MAIN STREET.

dec1—11 1m

PITTSBURGH

C

O 233 1-2 A

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

THE MOTHER'S FIRST GIFT.

There is no bereaved